IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS - SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Read all instructions before installing or using the horizontal air curtain. Please adhere to instructions published in this manual. Failure to do so may be dangerous and may void certain provisions of your warranty.
A. IMPORTANT NOTICES AND WARNING SYMBOLS

Keep this manual with the machine at all times. The purpose of this manual is to provide owners, operators, and installers with the precautions and procedures essential for the safe and proper operation for its intended purpose.

- **CAUTION:** This symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in personal injury or damage to the equipment.

- **WARNING:** This symbol indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, can result in serious injury or damage to the equipment.

- **WARNING:** Read and adhere to the following. Failure to do so may result in severe or fatal injury. Warranty will be void.

- **NOTE:** “NOTE:” indicates information or a company policy that relates directly or indirectly to the safety of personnel or protection of property.

B. OVERVIEW

B.1 Introduction

Fastrax® HAC Series (Standard Horizontal Air Curtains) & QHAC Series (Quiet Horizontal Air Curtains) produce a high velocity curtain of ambient air to prevent the accumulation of ice and snow from entering switches. These horizontal air curtains consist of a compact blower unit and ducting system that delivers airflow to the switch mechanism. The blower unit is an electrically powered centrifugal fan equipped with a low velocity air intake. The blower output is ducted below the rails to nozzles mounted within the railway switch. From the two nozzles, 120 - 140 mph high velocity air streams are directed towards the point of the switch.

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**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

- **A. Important Notices And Warning Symbols**
- **B. Overview**
  - B.1 Introduction
  - B.2 Specifications
- **C. Installation Overview**
  - C.1 General
  - C.2 Recommended Tools
  - C.3 Site Preparation
- **D. Crib Duct System Installation**
  - D.1 General
  - D.2 Fastrax® Horizontal Air Curtains Site Layout & Clearances
  - D.3 Site Preparation
- **E. Tie Duct System Installation**
  - E.1 General
  - E.2 HAC Series Layout
  - E.3 QHAC Series Layout
  - E.4 Installing Tie Duct
- **F. Electrical Connections**
  - F.1 General
- **G. Operation**
  - G.1 General
  - G.2 Thermostat
  - G.3 Motor Overload Protection
  - G.4 Delay Start Timer
- **H. Inspection**
  - H.1 General
  - H.2 Prior to Annual Start Up
- **I. Maintenance**
  - I.1 General
  - I.2 Lubrication
  - I.3 Motor/Impeller/Base Assembly Removal
  - I.4 Impeller Removal
- **J. Troubleshooting**
- **K. Parts**
  - K.1 Nozzles and Ductwork
  - K.2 Blower Systems - Fastrax® HAC Series
  - K.3 Blower Systems - Fastrax® QHAC Series
  - K.4 Electrical Components
B.2 Specifications

1. Performance:
   1.1 5 HP HAC delivers airflow of 2500 cfm at a peak nozzle velocity of 120 mph, and is typically recommended for yard switches no longer than #14 and clears 15 to 18 ft of switch.
   1.2 7.5 HP HAC delivers airflow of 3000 cfm at a peak nozzle velocity of 140 mph, and is recommended for mainline switches no longer than #20 and clears 18 to 20 ft of switch.

2. Track: 56.5” gauge, and 100 lb rail or heavier.

3. Noise Pressure Levels:
   3.1 HAC Series - 65 dbA at 50 ft
   3.2 QHAC Series - 60 dbA at 50 ft

4. Construction:
   - 11 gauge cold rolled steel, including nozzles
   - Hot dipped galvanized blower, intake and duct work

5. Size & Operating Voltage: 5 or 7.5 HP, 208/240/460/575VAC, 3 phase or single 240VAC single phase.

6. Controls:
   - Weather-tight NEMA 3R electrical enclosure
   - REMOTE/AUTO/MANUAL modes
   - Magnetic motor starter complete with thermal overload protection

7. Terminal Block Wire Size: #14 to #2 AWG copper

8. Electrical Isolation: Ducting, nozzle connections and unistruts are electrically isolated to eliminate the possibility of short circuiting rails. Connections are designed and tested to withstand a maximum of 1500VAC for 3 seconds.
C. INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

C.1 General

This manual provides general guidelines for the installation of typical Fastrax® HAC & QHAC Series Horizontal Air Curtain and duct work. For customized systems, they should be followed in conjunction with specific site layout drawings provided.

It is recommended that the Fastrax® HAC & QHAC Series Horizontal Air Curtain be located on the opposite side of the track from the switch motor to avoid potential interference with either the motor, junction boxes or electrical lines, although it can be located on either side.

If the blower location is obstructed, optional ducting elbows and extensions are available as separate items.

The Fastrax® HAC & QHAC Series Horizontal Air Curtain and duct work are shipped in two packages. The ducting is wrapped together on a skid and the Fastrax® HAC & QHAC Series Horizontal Air Curtain on another, as shown.

C.2 Recommended Tools

- A source of power to operate power tools (portable generator)
- Back hoe
- Impact wrench, 1/2” drive with 1/2”, 9/16” and 3/4” sockets
- Drill, 3/8” drive and drill bits
- Two 9/16” wrenches and/or socket wrench
- Lining and tamping bars
- Sledge hammer
- Shovels
- Reciprocating Saw
- Cold Chisel and hammer
- Measuring tape
- Multimeter
- Clip on ammeter
- 4 foot Level

C.3 Site Preparation

There are two duct systems, crib duct and tie duct. Crib duct system is installed between the ties, while tie duct systems replace a tie. Follow the appropriate instructions for your system.
D. CRIB DUCT SYSTEM INSTALLATION

D.1 General

1. Specifics of the site preparation vary depending on the clearance layout and the type of system ordered. See Section D.2 - Fastrax® HAC Series Horizontal Air Curtains Site Layout or Section D.3 - Fastrax® QHAC Series Quiet Horizontal Air Curtains Site Layout. For customized installations, refer to the supplied site layout drawing.

Detail 'A' - Diffuser and Cross Duct Gasket Kit Hardware

- **DIFFUSER GASKET OR CROSS DUCT GASKET**
- **3/8 NOM., F/WHR. (Qty 8)**
- **CAP SCREW, 3/8 - 16 UNC. X 1-50" LG., GR.5, STEEL (Qty 8)**
- **NYLON SHLDR. WHR. (Qty 16)**
- **HEX NUT, 3/8 - 16 UNC. (Qty 8)**

HAC Series - Crib Duct Assembly

QHAC Series - Crib Duct Assembly
Crib Duct System Installation

**D.2 Fastrax® Horizontal Air Curtains Site Layout & Clearances**

### 120" Clearance
Recommended for mainline switches and yard switches where there are no space limitations. The high intake is recommended for regions with high snowfall.

### 72" Clearance
Recommended where the ballast slopes away quickly. Less backfill required to build-up foundation, or between tracks where there is minimal space. Good drainage required.

### 90" Clearance
Recommended for installation between tracks, typically in yards or on curve locations where there are space limitations.

**Top of Tie/Top of Duct**

Clearance based on HAC Series, add 4" from the outside dimension for QHAC Series installations.
D.3 Site Preparation

1. Ducts for Fastrax® HAC Series Horizontal Air Curtains are located in the second crib in front of the switch point.

2. Ducts for Fastrax® QHAC Series Horizontal Air Curtains are located in the third crib in front of the switch point (due to the extended nozzle length).

3. To install ducting, the ballast in the crib which receives it, must be cleared. The ballast should be cleared approximately 13 inches below the bottom of the rail.

   NOTE: Rail jacks can be used during the installation to raise the rail and reduce the depth of trench required.

4. Prepare the foundation for the blower to the required distance from the track centerline and height below the top of the tie.
5. Run electrical power and signal wiring to the site and bottom of the electrical box. Two conduit knockout holes are provided, which accommodate 3/4", 1", 1 1/4", and 1 1/2" conduit fittings. One conduit is for power and the other conduit is for signal wires.

The power terminal block will accept #10 - #2 AWG copper wires, and the signal terminal block will accept #18 to #12 AWG copper wires.

NOTE: In case of a track crossing, an insulated joint is required between tracks and rails.

6. Remove the packing plates from the ducts and remove the hardware kits and manuals from within.

7. Assemble the end, cross, transition and any extension ducts with the small gaskets, insulating washers and hardware provided.

WARNING. Only a properly assembled flange provides dielectric isolation of 1500V. Failure to properly assemble the flange, can compromise track circuit integrity.
8. Slide the assembled ducts into position.

9. Using pry and tamping bars, move, level and stabilize the ducting, so the nozzle openings are centered with the middle (center line) of the track, and the top of the duct (excluding flanges) is level with the top of the tie.

10. Install the swivel nozzles onto the duct with the gasket, insulating washers and hardware. Adjust the nozzle vanes to their optimum setting. To properly direct the airflow to the point of the switch, swivel each nozzle until it is approximately 1-1/2 to 2 inches from the inside edge of the track, or as close as regulations permit, and tighten the nozzle hardware.
11. Using supplied lag bolts and washers, fasten the two 48” length ties to the base of the blower through the holes provided.

12. The blower assembly weighs approximately 650 pounds. If a crane is available, sling the blower and swing it into position. Align the blower flange with the transition flange and assemble with the large gaskets, insulating washers and hardware.

13. Shim beneath the blower as required to make the top of the blower level. Backfill underneath the blower then remove slings. Ensure that the blower is not twisted or distorted. Backfill level with the top of the wood tie foundation.

14. Using pry and tamping bars, move, level and stabilize the ducting so that the nozzle openings are centered about the center line of the track, and the top of duct (excluding the flanges) is level with the top of the tie.
E. TIE DUCT SYSTEM INSTALLATION

E.1 General

1. Specifics of the site preparation vary depending on the clearance layout and the type of system ordered, either standard or quiet. For customized installations, refer to the supplied site layout drawing.

E.2 HAC Series Layout

- **116” / 0” RISE - CLEARANCE**
- **116” / 5” RISE - CLEARANCE**
- **126” / 11.75” RISE - CLEARANCE**
### E.4 Installing Tie Duct

1. Select and remove the tie (typically the second or third tie in front of the switch points) to be replaced by the tie duct at the switch point. Install a minimum 20” in front of the switch points.

2. Dig a 16” deep trench to allow the tie duct to slide in underneath the rail. Orientate the tie duct with the open flange facing the blower location. The ends are removable to allow installation prior to determining the blower position. Centre the tie duct between the two adjacent ties, raise the tie duct and secure it to the rail with the rail fasteners and insulators supplied.

3. Attach the square to round adapter to the transition using the hardware provided, and the transition to the blower.

4. Position the ballast retainer between the square to round adapter and the tie duct. Allow the retainer to overlap the square to round adapter and the tie duct by several inches.

5. Remove the tie wraps that secure the compressed flex hose. Slide the black protective sleeve over the flex hose until it is centered.

6. Roll the ends of the protective sleeve back, compress the hose and install. Leave as much slack as possible and avoid stretching the flex duct.

7. Once installed, unroll the ends of the protective sleeve. Install the 2 gear clamps (Part No HF9022-3008) over the protective sleeve to seal the ends.

8. Bolt the cover to retainer. Stabilize and tamp the duct and ties.

**NOTE:** Backfill with clean ballast only.

---

**WARNING.** Do not install tie duct in place of a gage plate. Do not install between the switch points and the stock rail bend.

**WARNING.** Tie duct MUST BE attached with supplied rail pads and clip insulators to provide electrical insulation from track to AAR standards, maintain track circuit integrity, and to provide full structural strength.
F. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

F.1 General

WARNING. Electrical connections are to be performed by personnel approved by the local electrical authority. Units must be wired in accordance with electrical code.

1. Power must be brought to the HAC/QHAC through a customer supplied service line. The fuse ratings are dependent on the motor full load amps and should be the ‘motor start, time delay’ type.

2. The following three tables can be used as an aid to select the appropriate size wire based on the running amps of the HAC/QHAC, the distance to the power supply, and the maximum allowable voltage drop. The recommended maximum voltage drop is 3% to 5%.

NOTE: Actual running amperage varies significantly with temperature and running voltage.

Amperage Calculation Example:

What will be the actual amperage draw of a 7.5 Hp VAC HAC, when the temperature is -30°C and the running voltage is 220V?

\[ \text{Actual Amps} = \text{Nameplate FLA} \times \left( \frac{\text{Nameplate Voltage}}{\text{Actual Voltage}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\text{Temperature Factor}}{100} \right) \]

\[ = 33.0 \times \left( \frac{230}{220} \right) \times \left( \frac{110}{100} \right) \]

\[ = 38.0 \text{ Amps} \]

Table 1 – HAC/QHAC Full Load Running Amps @ -10°C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HP</th>
<th>Motor Volts</th>
<th>Ph</th>
<th>FL Amps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>208</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>13.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>230</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>460</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>575</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>208</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>21.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>230</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>33.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>460</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>575</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2 – Running Amperage vs. Temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ambient Temperature °C</th>
<th>°F</th>
<th>Running Amps % of FLA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-5</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-10</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-15</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-20</td>
<td>-4</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-25</td>
<td>-13</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-30</td>
<td>-22</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-35</td>
<td>-31</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-40</td>
<td>-40</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3 – Recommended Circuit Breaker Sizes (Voltage Drop vs. Current Draw for Copper Wire)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire Size (AWG)</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>Recommended Circuit Breaker Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ohms/1000 ft</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>0.41</td>
<td>0.026</td>
<td>0.016</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>9.8</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>20.1</td>
<td>13.0</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>25.1</td>
<td>16.3</td>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>30.1</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>12.3</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>35.1</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>40.1</td>
<td>26.0</td>
<td>16.4</td>
<td>10.3</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Standard HAC power terminal block will accept #14 to #2 AWG copper wire
*Allowable voltage drop to be determined by local authority
*Recommended voltage drop of not more than 5%
*As per Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1

3. Terminals are provided for all power, control, indication and ground wires.

4. For remote control applications, the customer must supply a set of contacts with a minimum rating of 240Vac, 1 amp. If indication is required, the customer can use the indication contacts that are rated at 240Vac, 10 amps.

5. Connect the HAC according to the applicable schematic. Two conduit holes are provided, which accommodate 3/4” conduit fittings, one for the power and one for the signal wires. These are located in the bottom of the electrical box. The power terminal block will accept #10 - #2 AWG copper wires, and the signal terminal block will accept # 18 - #12 AWG copper wires.

6. Energize the circuit. Switch the HAC/QHAC on by turning the selector switch to manual in the electrical box. Ensure that the blower wheel is turning freely.

7. For three phase motors, CONFIRM CORRECT FAN ROTATION.

7.1 Check that the motor/fan is rotating in the same direction as the arrow mounted on the fan housing above the motor.

Or, if the motor is not visible, as for a QHAC, or an HAC with a rain cover,

7.2 Check that the motor run amps do not exceed the motors Full Load Amps (FLA) by more than 15%.

7.3 Check the HAC/QHAC performance, if significantly reduced, the fan is rotating the wrong way.

8. If the rotation is incorrect, turn off the power to the HAC/QHAC at the local disconnect and interchange any two of the power lines, ie. L1 with L2, L2 with L3, or L1 with L3 at the terminal block.
ELECTRICAL PANEL IN BOX

SUPPLY VOLTAGE
1 2 3

GND BOLT

18

MOTOR CONTACTOR

OVERLOAD

11 (BLK)

30 (BLU)

COIL 240V AC

31 (BLU)

Gb 11 12 13 14 15

FUSE 1 2 (RED)

FUSE 3 (RED)

DELAY ON TIMER

600V .5A

575V y1

440V y2

240V 1A

10 (WHT)

16 13 (RED)

1 (BLK)

4 (BLK)

6 (BLU)

5 (RED)

3 (RED)

2 (RED)

1 (RED)

1 (RED)

3 (RED)

SELECTOR SWITCH

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

THERMOSTAT

ON

OFF

REMOTE

3-PHASE MOTOR

6 (GND)

GND BOLT

INDICATION TO DISPATCHER

CUSTOMER SUPPLIED CONTACT 240V 1A

TERMINAL NUMBER

WIRE NUMBER ELECTRICAL

WIRE SIZE, LENGTH AND TERMINATION SEE WIRE LIST 18385

CCI THERMAL TECHNOLOGIES INC.

REV. E

ECN 1798

ECN 1583

CRIMP-ON CONNECTORS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE FOR TERMINATING SOLID SINGLE STRAND WIRE

440V 5HP FL 6.0 Amp

440V 7.5HP FL 9.5 Amp

DRAWING NUMBER

14368

SHEETS 3/4

DETAILED SCHEMATIC 575/440V 3 PHASE WITH DELAY ON TIMER / TEMP SWITCH
G. OPERATION

G.1 General

**WARNING.** In order for the HAC/QHAC to perform satisfactorily, the unit must be turned ‘ON’ prior to snowfall or freezing rain.

1. The HAC/QHAC keeps snow and freezing rain from fouling the switch, but cannot recover a switch full of snow and ice.

2. There are three methods of starting:
   - MANUALLY, by turning the selector switch to ‘ON’,
   - REMOTELY, when the selector switch is set on ‘AUTO’ and the customer supplied contacts are closed,
   - AUTOMATICALLY, on units supplied with a temperature switch, when the selector switch is set to ‘AUTO’ and the ambient temperature drops below the temperature switch set point.

**NOTE:** The “AUTO” and “REMOTE” controls work in parallel. With the selector switch in “AUTO”, either the thermostat or the dispatch control can start the HAC/QHAC. Both must be open, in order for the HAC/QHAC to turn off.

3. The HAC/QHAC must be turned on before it starts to snow or rain since its function is to prevent the build up of snow and ice rather than to remove it. Let the HAC/QHAC run for sufficient time after a snowfall to prevent the accumulation of drifting snow or snow dragged in by passing trains.

4. For maximum switch clearing performance, leave the HAC/QHAC running for the entire winter. This ensures the HAC/QHAC will be on before any snow can fall into the switch, and the continuous operation will sublimate any frost build-up.

5. To conserve energy the HAC/QHAC can be turned off whenever weather conditions permit.

G.2 Thermostat

1. The thermostat is located inside the electrical box.

2. To activate the temperature switch, turn the control panel selector switch to ‘AUTO’.

3. For most effective operation, it is recommended that the front dial of the temperature switch be set to 3°C (37°F).

The differential setting on the unit has been factory set at 2°C (36°F). With these settings the unit will turn on when the temperature drops to 3°C (37°F) and continue running until the ambient temperature rises above 5°C (41°F).

4. Operation in ‘AUTO’ mode with the temperature switch will limit the Fastrax® HAC/QHAC running time saving electrical energy and increasing unit life expectancy.

G.3 Motor Overload Protection

1. Inside the electrical cabinet is an “over current” protection device. The purpose of this device is to protect the motor from continuous overload current.

   1.1 Overload current can occur as a result of repeated starts and stops within a short period of time, low supply voltage, incorrectly installed fan, or bearing failure.

2. The thermal overload dial is set to the motors nameplate full load amperage X 1.0.

3. **DO NOT** increase dial setting.

4. The ‘RESET’ selector switch is set to ‘MANUAL’.

5. **DO NOT** set to ‘AUTOMATIC’.

6. Once tripped the overload requires 5 to 10 minutes before it can be reset.

7. To reset, push the blue ‘RESET’ button.

G.4 Delay Start Timer

1. For multiple blower installations controlled by one start relay, a delay start timer can be added to each individual blower. This allows staggered start up, reduces the maximum inrush current and reduces power cable size.

2. Set the delay by toggling the dip switches to ‘ON’. The combined total is the delay time.
H. INSPECTION

H.1 General
1. The frequency of inspection is dependent on local conditions, but should not be less than once annually.

H.2 Prior to Annual Start Up
1. Visually inspect the installation to check that all parts are secure, free from damage, and firmly fastened together.
2. Inspect the lag bolts, which fasten the Fastrax® HAC/QHAC to its wood tie foundation, and ensure they are firmly fastened.
3. Start the Fastrax® HAC/QHAC.
4. Check for any undue vibration or noise at the blower and ensure that air is blowing freely from both nozzles.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Mounting Channel</th>
<th>Motor Bearing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vibration Level in/sec (rms)</td>
<td>Less than 0.1</td>
<td>0.04 to 0.12 Acceptable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.13 to 0.29 Tolerable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.30 to 0.71 Excessive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.72 or more Extreme</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Units leave the plant with no more than 0.20 in/sec (rms), this is the maximum acceptable vibration level.

4.1 A vibration PEN may be purchased from CCI Thermal to check the vibration level of the equipment, Part No HF9074-0013.

4.2 Motor bearing vibration levels (refer to diagram numbered 1 to 4) can be charted on a graph ‘motor bearing vibration levels vs time’ to predict when the motor requires replacement or maintenance.

4.3 Mark locations (1 to 4) on motor to ensure repeatable measurements for trend analysis.

4.4 Do not measure on covers or guards.

4.5 If vibration levels on the mounting channels exceed 0.1, ensure that mounting ties are fully supported and lag bolts fully tightened.

5. Examine all joints for leaks.

6. Examine exposed duct surfaces for leaks from puncture and/or corrosion.

7. Measure the supply voltage at the power terminal block. It is to be within 5% of the motor nameplate voltage.

8. Using a clip on ammeter, measure the running amps. It is to be within 85% to 115% of the motor nameplate running amps. Running amps greater than 115%, the motor rated full load amps, can indicate failed bearings, incorrect fan/intake clearance from an improperly installed fan, excessive air leaks in the duct work, inadequately sized power supply wires, or poor electrical connections.
1. MAINTENANCE

I. General

1. Replace all damaged intake ducts, cross ducts, and nozzles since damaged ducts will degrade snow clearing ability.

2. With the supply power turned off, tighten all mounting and electrical connections to the recommended tightening torques.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thread Size</th>
<th>Tightening Torque (in. lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8 - 32</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 - 32</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/16-20, Power Terminal Lugs</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I.2 Lubrication

WARNING. Over greasing can cause premature bearing failure.

1. Motor manufacturers recommend that each unit be started and operated for approximately 1/2 hour per month during the off season.

2. Motors that are provided with grease nipples must be greased at the recommended intervals, before each winter season.

3. GE Motors: Once every year based on seasonal operation, with General Electric D6-A2C5 grease, or equivalent. Remove plug for grease relief. Clean grease relief of any hardened grease. Clean grease nipple fitting of any dirt. Using a low-pressure hand operated grease gun, pump in clean recommended grease until new grease appears at the relief hole. After lubricating, allow the motor to run for ten minutes before replacing relief plug.

4. Baldor Motors: Once every year based on seasonal operation, with Shell, “Dolium R”, Chevron SRI #2”, or Texaco “Premium RB”.

4.1 Clean tip of grease fitting and apply hand-operated grease gun. Use 1-2 full strokes only.

I.3 Motor/Impeller/Base Assembly Removal

1. To gain access to the motor:

1.1 Remove the motor cover from the Fastrax® HAC, or the end panel from a QHAC.

1.2 Disconnect power wires from the motor junction box.

1.3 Remove the bolts that fasten the motor mount and access panel to the blower housing.

1.4 Remove motor/impeller/base assembly.

NOTE: CCI Thermal strongly recommends either the complete motor/impeller/base assembly be replaced as a set or the old assembly be returned for repair and balancing.

I.4 Impeller Removal

1. In the event that the impeller needs to be temporarily removed, mark the location of the impeller on the motor shaft before proceeding.

2. The impeller is secured to the motor shaft by a taper lock bushing.

3. Remove the two setscrews and insert one, as illustrated, into the middle hole and tighten.

4. Using a hammer and a soft metal bar, made of brass or aluminum, tap the outer half of the hub at different points until it falls off of the inner tapered hub. Remove the inner hub from the shaft, then the impeller.

5. To install the impeller, slip impeller onto shaft, then the inner hub at the same position on the shaft as previously. Install the two setscrews into the two opposing holes, as shown, and tighten.

6. If the impeller is too close to the intake, the motor will draw excessive current, overloading the motor and causing the thermal overload breaker to trip. The intake to blower wheel clearance should be 1/2”.

7. Once installed, measure the running current with a clip on ammeter. Confirm the current is less than 85% to 115% of the motors nameplate Full Load Amps (FLA), depending on the ambient temperature, see table in Section H - Inspection.
## J. TROUBLESHOOTING

The following troubleshooting chart is included as a guide for correcting minor blower problems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>High Amperage Draw</strong></td>
<td>Icing on blower wheel or air intake assembly.</td>
<td>Remove ice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Obstruction in blower or cross duct.</td>
<td>Remove obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Motor spinning wrong direction. Three phase motors only.</td>
<td>Interchange two of the leads at the power terminal block, i.e.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L1 with L2 or L2 with L3, or L1 with L3.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Too small a gap between blower wheel and air intake spinning.</td>
<td>Adjust clearance between blower wheel and intake spinning to 1/2” clearance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low operating voltage from undersized wiring.</td>
<td>Increase line voltage, or install heavier gauge wire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Excessive Vibration or Noise</strong></td>
<td>Ice or other objects adhered to blower wheel creating an imbalance.</td>
<td>Check blower wheel and remove any obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Motor spinning wrong direction. Three phase motors only.</td>
<td>Interchange two of the leads at the power terminal block, i.e.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L1 with L2 or L2 with L3, or L1 with L3.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Interference between blower wheel and air intake assembly.</td>
<td>Adjust blower wheel / intake spinning clearance to 1/2”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High vibration persists.</td>
<td>Return base place assembly, motor and blower wheel to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective motor.</td>
<td>manufacturer for motor balancing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Replace motor.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inadequate Air Flow/ Inadequate Snow Clearing</strong></td>
<td>Motor spinning the wrong direction. Three phase motors only.</td>
<td>Interchange two of the leads at the power terminal block, i.e.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L1 with L2 or L2 with L3, or L1 with L3.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nozzle, diffuser, or cross duct obstructed.</td>
<td>Check and clean ducting of any water or debris.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Poor duct connections.</td>
<td>Check all seals between flanges and replace gasket as required (see Section C - Installation Overview).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Icing or debris on intake screen.</td>
<td>Remove obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nozzles are improperly aligned or have been damaged.</td>
<td>Align nozzles as show in the Installation section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Overload Tripped</strong></td>
<td>High amperage draw.</td>
<td>Low operating voltage, increase supply voltage or increase supply wire gauge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose connection.</td>
<td>Tighten all electrical connections including those between the overload and contactor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improperly set overload relay.</td>
<td>Set overload amperage to motor name plate, full load amps (FLA) X 1.0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frequent starts and stops in a short period of time.</td>
<td>Check remote start circuit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# K. PARTS

To ensure accurate part selection, have the model and serial number when placing an order.

## K.1 Nozzles and Ductwork

1. **Cross Duct System:** Install crib duct system in crib between ties.

   Three standard configurations based on track clearances of 120", 90" and 72". However, components can be interchanged to suit any particular application. Components are available in hot dipped galvanized or stainless steel construction.

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Part Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hot Dipped Galvanized, 11 Gauge, Construction</strong></td>
<td><strong>Stainless Steel, 11 Gauge, Construction</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nozzles</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25” long</td>
<td>HF13490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40” long</td>
<td>HF13491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cross Ducts</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34.5” long (72” clearance)</td>
<td>HF13221-02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52.3” (90” clearance)</td>
<td>HF13221-03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72.0” (120” clearance)</td>
<td>HF13221-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>End Ducts</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HF13220</td>
<td>HF14456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transition Ducts</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.5” run / 0” rise (72” clearance)</td>
<td>HF13222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.5” run / 6” rise (90” clearance)</td>
<td>HF13226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40” run / 12” rise (120” clearance)</td>
<td>HF13225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**Extension Ducts (9” x 9”)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1”</td>
<td>HF13223-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2”</td>
<td>HF13223-02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3”</td>
<td>HF13223-03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4”</td>
<td>HF13223-04</td>
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<td>5”</td>
<td>HF13223-05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6”</td>
<td>HF13223-06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7”</td>
<td>HF13223-07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8”</td>
<td>HF13223-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9”</td>
<td>HF13223-09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10”</td>
<td>HF13223-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gasket Kits (includes hardware)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nozzle</td>
<td>HF14462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9” x 9” Flange</td>
<td>HF15707</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16” x 17” Flange</td>
<td>HF13206</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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To be continued...
K.2  Blower Systems - Fastrax® HAC Series

K.3  Blower Systems - Fastrax® QHAC Series
K.4  Electrical Components

240V Single Phase & 208V Three Phase

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VARIANT TABLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
460V & 575V Three Phase

VARIANT TABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HP</th>
<th>VOLTS</th>
<th>CONTACTOR</th>
<th>OVERLOAD</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>9078-0121</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>575</td>
<td>9078-0120</td>
<td>9040-0120</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>9078-0120</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>575</td>
<td>9078-0120</td>
<td>9040-0127</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WARRANTY: Under normal use the Company warrants to the purchaser that defects in material or workmanship will be repaired or replaced without charge for a period of 84 months on SwitchBlade® heaters, 60 months on control panels, and 12 months on all other Fastrax® products, from date of shipment. Any claim for warranty must be reported to the sales office where the product was purchased for authorized repair or replacement within the contract terms. Subject to State or Provincial law to the contrary, the Company will not be responsible for any expense for installation, removal from service, transportation, or damages of any type whatsoever, including damages arising from lack of use, business interruptions, or incidental or consequential damages. The Company cannot anticipate or control the conditions of product usage and therefore accepts no responsibility for the safe application and suitability of its products when used alone or in combination with other products. Tests for the safe application and suitability of the products are the sole responsibility of the user.

This warranty will be void if, in the judgment of the Company, the damage, failure or defect is the result of:

- Vibration, radiation, erosion, corrosion, process contamination, abnormal process conditions, temperature and pressures, unusual surges or pulsation, fouling, ordinary wear and tear, lack of maintenance, incorrectly applied utilities such as voltage, air, gas, water, and others or any combination of the aforementioned causes not specifically allowed for in the design conditions
- Or, any act or omission by the Purchaser, its agents, servants or independent contractors which for greater certainty, but not so as to limit the generality of the foregoing, includes physical, chemical or mechanical abuse, accident, improper installation of the product, improper storage and handling of the product, improper application or the misalignment of parts.

No warranty applies to paint finishes except for manufacturing defects apparent within 30 days from the date of installation.

The Company neither assumes nor authorizes any person to assume for it any other obligation or liability in connection with the product(s).

The Purchaser agrees that all warranty work required after the initial commissioning of the product will be provided only if the Company has been paid by the Purchaser in full accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract.

The Purchaser agrees that the Company makes no warranty or guarantee, express, implied or statutory, (including any warranty of merchantability or warranty of fitness for a particular purpose) written or oral, of the Article or incidental labour, except as is expressed or contained in the agreement herein.

LIABILITY: Technical data contained in the catalog or on the website is subject to change without notice. The Company reserves the right to make dimensional and other design changes as required. The Purchaser acknowledges the Company shall not be obligated to modify those articles manufactured before the formulation of the changes in design or improvements of the products by the Company.

The Company shall not be liable to compensate or indemnify the Purchaser, end user or any other party against any actions, claims, liabilities, injury, loss, loss of use, loss of business, damages, indirect or consequential damages, demands, penalties, fines, expenses (including legal expenses), costs, obligations and causes of action of any kind arising wholly or partly from negligence or omission of the user or the misuse, incorrect application, unsafe application, incorrect storage and handling, incorrect installation, lack of maintenance, improper maintenance or improper operation of products furnished by the Company.